Long Term Plan- Foundation

Nursery - Programme of Study and Skill Progression.		Nursery		Reception
 -Show attention to sounds and music. -Respond emotionally and physically to music when it changes. -Move and dance to music and keeping time with the pulse. -Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs, like 'Peepo'. - Explore their voices and enjoy making sounds. -Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds. -Play and perform music with different: dynamics (loud/quiet) tempo (fast/slow) pitch (high/low) rhythms (pattern of sound) -Make rhythmical and repetitive sounds. -Explore a range of soundmakers and instruments and play them in different ways. -Enjoy and take part in action songs, such as 'Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star'. -Listen with increased attention to sounds. -Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. -Remember and sing entire songs off by heart. -Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). 	Autumn Me! Image: Control of the second sec	 Show attention to sounds of music. Learn to sing nursery rhymes and action songs: Pat-a-cake 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive This Old Man Five Little Ducks Name Song Things For Fingers Old Macdonald Incy Wincy Spider Baa Baa Black Sheep Row, Row, Row Your Boat The Wheels On The Bus The Hokey Cokey 	My Stories My Original Stories Storie	 I'm A Little Teapot The Grand Old Duke Of York Ring O' Roses Hickory Dickory Dock Not Too Difficult The ABC Song • Wind The Bobbin Up Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping Of Bed Twinkle Twinkle If You're Happy And You Know Head, Shoulders, Knees And T
 -Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. -Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. -Play instruments and increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. -Offer children a wide range of different instruments, from a range of cultures. This might also include electronic keyboards and musical apps on tablets. 	Summer	This collection of songs for younger children to build their repertoire for all occasions.	Big Bear Funk	Big Bear Funk is a transition unit that p children for their musical learning in Y ² Listening and appraising Funk music a improvising using voices.



On The

ow It Toes

at prepares Y1. and

Programme of Study and Skill Progression.	Year 1	Yea
Play and perform on	1.Learn how to create and control contrasting sounds and patterns musically using voice, body percussion and percussion instruments.	1. Play and explore a wider range of contrasting sounds music percussion instruments.
percussion instruments with	2. Explore and experiment with interrelated dimensions* of music using voice, body percussion and percussion instruments.	2. Explore and experiment with interrelated dimensions* of mu with increasing control- getting louder/quieter, faster/slower a
increasing accuracy, fluency, control and	3. Internalise the pulse and keep a steady beat in different pieces of music.	3. Internalise the pulse and keep a steady beat in different piece
expression.	4. Learn the names of tuned and untuned percussion instruments and the materials they are made from.	4. Begin to explore the difference between pulse and rhythm.
	5. Learn how the material or way instruments are played can affect the sound created.	5. Play and perform repeated rhythmic patterns using body per chants, rhymes or other musical stimuli.
	6. Learn basic ensemble etiquette and understand that quality musical outcomes will be achieved as a result of good team work.	6. Learn to internalise and accurately recall simple musical so
	7. Learn how to follow start and stop instructions when singing and playing.	7. Continue to develop ensemble etiquette and understand that good team work.
	8. Learn about the role of a conductor in music.	8. Experiment and explore the use of visual symbols to create percussion and percussion instruments.
	9. Develop rhythmic vocabulary and begin to recall and clap or play back simple rhythmic patterns	9. Continue to develop simple ensemble skills such as learning
Learn to sing and use	1.Sing and/or speak songs, chants or rhymes in a variety of styles to convey different moods.	1. Sing and/or speak songs, chants and rhymes in a variety of
their voices with increasing accuracy,	2. Use their speaking and singing voices confidently within the pitch range (middle C-A)	2. Use their speaking and singing voices confidently within the rhythm and diction.
fluency, control and expression	3. Begin to develop aural and memory skills and begin to match intervals or melodic sequences with increasing accuracy.	3. Internalise (thinking voice) parts of a song, rhyme or chant.
	4. Promote solo opportunities for pupils to use and hear their speaking and singing voices individually.	4. Learn that melody is the term to describe how the single lin
	C D E F G A	5. Promote solo opportunities for pupils to use and hear their awareness of other performers. $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ $
Create and compose	1.Explore and experiment with different sounds using voice, body percussion and percussion instruments.	1. Experiment and explore different sounds that can be create
music using the interrelated	2. Choose sounds to represent different ideas or concepts.	2. Organise and choose sounds and musical ideas when response
dimensions of music	3. Learn how to create, select and combine sequences of sounds in response to a given stimulus.	3. Learn how to create a graphic score for a class composition
Listen, appreciate and	1.Listen to a variety of music from different styles, genres and traditions and begin to describe key features of	music and how it makes them feel.
respond to a range of high quality live and recorded music	2. Listen and respond to music through focused listening, physical movement or use of materials such as sca	rves, beanbags or balls.
Interrelated	Pitch, pulse, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations	
dimensions of music		



ear 2

sically using voice, body percussion and classroom

nusic using body percussion and percussion instruments and keeping a steady beat at different tempo.

ieces of music.

percussion and classroom percussion to accompany songs,

songs, sequences, rhythmic and melodic patterns.

hat quality musical outcomes will be achieved as a result of

te or respond to a graphic score using voice, body

ing to start/stop, follow and be a leader/ conductor.

of styles to convey different moods.

the pitch range (middle C-C) with a good sense of pulse,

line of music that moves up and down in pitch we sing or play. Fir speaking and singing voices individually 6. To sing with an



ted using body percussion, voice and classroom percussion.

ion using visual symbols to represent and organise sounds.

Year	Term	Unit	Кеу	Note Range Progression	Notation	Genres	Instruments			Vocabu	lary		
1	Aut 1	Hey You!	С	С	Crotchets	Old-School Hip Hop	Glockenspiel						
1	Aut 2	Rhythm in The Way We Walk and Banana Rap	C	Singing and pe	erforming only	Reggae, Hip Hop	Glockenspiel	Pulse	Rhythm	Pite	ch	Тетро	Dynamics
1	Spr 1	In the Groove	С	C, D	Crotchets	Blues, Latin, Folk, Funk, Baroque, Bhangra	Glockenspiel	Thinking voice	Rest	Siler	nce	Melody	Song
1	Spr 2	Round And Round	D Minor	C,D,F	Semibreves	Latin Bossa Nova, Film music, Big Band Jazz, Mash- up, Latin fusion	Glockenspiel	Sound	Instrumer	nt Yea Vocab		High	Low
1	Sum 1	Your Imagination	С	G	Semibreves	Рор	Glockenspiel	Long	Short	Dru	ım Pe	rcussion	Claves
1	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay	Consolidation and revision			Western Classical Music and class choice. Consolidate the foundations of the language of music.	Glockenspiel	Beater	Voice	Cla	q	Sing	Solo
2	Aut 1	Hands, Feet, Heart	С	G,A,C	Crotchets	South African Styles	Glockenspiel	Pulse	Rhythm	Pitch	Tempo	Dynamics	Thinking voice
2	Aut 2	Но Но Но	G	G C,E,G	Crotchets and rests	Christmas, Big Band, Motown, Elvis, Freedom Songs, festivals.	Glockenspiel	Rest	Silence	Melody Symbols	Song Claves	Sound Beater	Instrument
2	Spr 1	l Wanna Play In A Band	F	C,D	Minims	Rock	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Reggae	Sing	Ostinato	Ukulele	Scale	Texture
2	Spr 2	Zootime	С	C,D	Crotchets	Reggae	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Conductor	Orchestra	Musician	Glockenspiel	Claves	Strings
2	Sum 1	Friendship Song Count on me This is me	С	G,E	Crotchet, Dotted Minim and Rests	Popular music	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Brass	Woodwind	Percussion	Compose	Improvise	Year 2
2	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind and Replay Friendship Song Count on me This is me		Consolidation and i	revision	Western Classical Music Popular music	Ukulele Glockenspiel						



	Singing repertoire options	Extra-
	Singing reperione options	curricu
		lar
55	Singing for Pleasure -Boom Chicka Boom -Voices Foundation: Have you Brought your Whispering Voice? Voices Foundation: Hello, How are You - Bance: Copy Kitten - Voicelinks: I'm a Train - Bounce High, Bounce Low - Singing Sherlock: Dr Knickerbocker - Dragon Dance - Trad. Bangladesh: Mo matchi (Song of the Bees) -Trad. Ghana: Kye Kye Kule - Trad. England: An Acre of Land -Childrens' choice	Christm as product ion
ng ent s 2	-Little Sally Saucer - Trad. Star Light, Star Bright, First Star I see Tonight - Trad. Hey, Hey, Look at Me -Trad. Rain, Rain Go Away - Trad. Acka Backa -Voicelinks: The King is in the Castle - Young Voiceworks: Ebeneezer Sneezer - Trad. Oats and Beans and Barley Grow -Singing Sherlock 1: Teddy Bear Rock n Roll - Trad. Oliver Cromwell - Trad. Lovely Joan - Trad. Searching for Lambs Voicelinks: Fireworks - Trad. Bangladesh: Hatti – ma tim tim (An Imaginary Bird) - Trad. Bangladesh: Charti Kula beng (Four Fat Frogs) - Trad. Australia: I Got Kicked by a Kangaroo - Trad. America: Built My Lady a Fine Brick House - Sing Up - Paintbox - Childrens' choice	End of Year 2 product ion

Progression.	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Play and perform on 1 percussion P	1.Play and perform simple rhythmic and melodic patterns as a small group or class to accompany musical rounds or other musical stimuli.	1.Play and perform simple melodic and rhythmic patterns from memory which focus on embedding concepts of pulse, rhythm and pitch.	1.To play and perform musical parts in a range of solo and ensemble contexts with increasing accuracy,fluency,control and expression.	1.Identify and recall with increasing accuracy a wider range of world music and orchestral instruments.
expression.	2.Explore and create a wide range of repeated rhythmic patterns on different instruments.	2.Explore dimensions of music and demonstrate increasing control and accuracy using musical instruments.	2.Demonstrate increasing confidence, expression, skill and level of musicality through taking different roles in performance and rehearsal.	2.Compare and contrast the music they listen to and be able articulate how time and place affects the way the music is composed.
a	3.Develop increasing control of musical instruments and understand how to play with a pleasing musical sound	3.Explore concept of structure (Binary form) and repetition in given musical stimuli.	3.Learn to internalise and accurately respond to longer and more complex musical patterns by ear and from memory.	3.Identify how developments in musical instrument design and technology have influenced how composers create music.
n	4.Continue to develop ensemble skills and understand musical outcomes are of higher quality as a result of good team work.	4.Learn to read and play simple rhythmic and melodic patterns at sight and by ear.	4.To maintain their own independent part whilst playing and performing with others.	4.Explore different types of ensembles from a diverse range of cultures and traditions.
	5.Internalise the pulse as they begin to access a wider range of rhythmic material in the stimuli explored.	5.Learn to play more complex melodic and rhythmic material by ear and from memory.6.To develop increasing control of basic instrumental	5.To manage their group work in a timely manner to ensure progress and successful outcomes	
		techniques enabling them to play and sing music across different styles and genres with confidence, accuracy and musical expression.		
use their voices with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	 Sing songs in unison with awareness of ensemble,style,musical shape and accuracy of pulse, rhythm, pitch and expression. Be able to accurately respond to sung phrases of a song with accuracy of rhythm and pitch. Understand the concept of melody and internalization (thinking voice). Be able to internalise (thinking voice) parts of a song, rhyme or chant. Know that melody is the term to describe how the single line of music that moves up and down in pitch we sing or play. Promote solo opportunities for pupils to use and hear their speaking and singing voices individually To sing with an awareness of other performers. 	 Sing a wide range of songs from memory in unison with awareness of pulse, musical shape and accuracy of rhythm, pitch and expression within the vocal range of an octave. To sing songs with awareness of how the music moves up and down in pitch and be able to internalise different parts of a song, rhyme or chant. To be able to accurately respond to sung phrases of a song with accuracy of rhythm and pitch. Develop the ability to sing simple songs, rounds and two-part songs from memory. 	 Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles showing an awareness of good breath control, posture, diction and intonation and when phrasing. Use varying dynamics, pitch, tempo and expression to portray an idea or mood. Sing confidently in unison and two or three parts whilst maintaining an appropriate pulse with confidence. Begin to explore the role of harmony in music.(consonance /dissonance) 	 Sing confidently in unison and two or three parts whilst maintaining an appropriate pulse. Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles showing an awareness of good breath control, posture, diction and intonation when singing together Be able to sing a harmony part accurately and confidently. Use varying dynamics, pitch, tempo and expression to portray an idea or mood. Continue to explore the role of harmony in music. Understand the importance of warming up the voice and how to develop good diction, breath control and phrasing when singing.



Create and compose music using the interrelated dimensions of music	 1.Explore and create music using which demonstrates understanding of structure (Introduction~Verse~chorus). 2.Learn how to compose melodies using pentatonic scale and drone. 3.Create descriptive music exploring the interrelated dimensions of music for an intended stimulus. 	 1.Explore how to successfully improvise using repeated rhythmic patterns. 2.Develop awareness of how sounds combine and layer to develop understanding of *interrelated dimensions of music. 3.Compose music independently in small groups and make improvements to their own work. 	 1.Explore how to successfully improvise using repeated rhythmic patterns. 2.Develop awareness of how sounds combine (dyad =2 note chord) and layer to develop understanding of *interrelated dimensions of music. 3.Compose music independently in small groups and make improvements to their own work.
	4.Compose music independently in small groups and make improvements to their own work.	 4.Create music with a clear musical structure (Binary Form) using symbols and/or graphic score to record their work. 5.Explore melodic improvisation using simple compositional devices. 	4.Create music with a clear musical structure (Binary Form, Ternary form) using appropriate symbols and/or graphic score to record their work.5.Understand when to use varying dynamics, pitch and expression to portray an idea or mood.
Listen, appreciate and respond to a range of high-quality live and recorded music	 Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. Listen to music from a variety of styles and genres, and be able to describe key features with increasing confidence using musical vocabulary. Learn about the life of significant composers and musicians. Understand how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard. 	 Demonstrate increased understanding of basic musical features and names of common world and orchestral musical instruments. Develop a wider understanding of the history of western music as well as other musical genres, styles and cultures from across the world. Explore how music can be composed and performed for a wide range of different purposes and in different contexts. Begin to use musical vocabulary to describe musical features, and identify instruments in musical repertoire they listen to. Explore and learn about the life of a famous composer. Understand how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard. 	 Identify and recall with increasing accuracy a wider range of world music and orchestral instruments. Compare and contrast the music they listen to and be able articulate how time and place affects the way the music is composed. Identify how developments in musical instrument design and technology have influenced how composers create music. Explore different types of ensembles from a diverse range of cultures and traditions.
Interrelated dimensions of music	Pitch, pulse, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, struct	ure and appropriate musical notations	1



1.Explore how to successfully improvise using melodic and rhythmic patterns.

2.Develop awareness of how sounds combine (triads, chords) and layer to develop understanding of *interrelated dimensions of music.

3.Compose music independently in small groups and make improvements to their own work.

4.Create music with a clear musical structure (Binary,Ternary,Rondo) using symbols and/or graphic score to record their work.

5.Explore melodic improvisation using simple compositional devices.

6.Choose and create sounds expressively and with increasing control.

7.Understand when to use varying dynamics, pitch and expression to portray an idea or mood with increasing control.

1.Identify and recall with increasing accuracy a wider range of world music and orchestral instruments.

2.Compare and contrast the music they listen to and be able articulate how time and place affects the way the music is composed.

3.Identify how developments in musical instrument design and technology have influenced how composers create music.

4.Explore different types of ensembles from a diverse range of cultures and traditions.

Year	Term	Unit	Кеу	Note Range Progression	Notation	Genres	Instruments	Vocabulary	Singing Repertoire	Extra- curricular
3	Aut 1 Aut 2	Let Your Spirit Fly Glockenspi	C Multiple	C,F,C C,D,E,F	Semibreves and rests Crotchets and	R&B, Western Classical, Musicals, Motown, Soul Styles varied	Ukulele Glockenspiel Ukulele	Pulse Rhythm Pitch Tempo Dynamics Thinking Rest	-Sing Up: Heads and Shoulders -Singing Sherlock 2: Si, Si, Si -Flying a Round: To stop the train	-Easter play -Rocksteady -peripatetic
3	Aut 2	el 1	songs	C,D,E,F	Minims and rests	Instrumental skill focus	Glockenspiel	Silence Melody Song Sound Instrument Solo Silence Vitrueso Soloist Planist Year 3 Vibration Soundwave Ostinato	-Trad. Japan: Kaeru no uta -Trad. Morocco: A ram sam sam/Pease Pudding Hot -Trad. Bangladesh: Now charia de (A	-class assemblies -carols by candlelight
3	Spr 1	Three Little Birds	G	G	Crotchets and rests	Reggae	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Pentatonic Scale Texture Conductor Orchestra Musician Voice	Boatman's Song) -Junior Songscape: Listen to the Rain	
3	Spr 2	The Dragon Song	G	G	Crotchets and Minims	Music from around the world/funk	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Claves Strings Brass Woodwind Percussion Compose Improvise	-Voicelinks: Extreme Weather -Sing Up: Skye Boat Song	
3	Sum 1	Bringing Us Together	С	С	Minims and Minim rests	Disco	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Texture Comcoser Binary Ternary Crotchet Minim Semibreve	-Trad. Ireland: Be Thou My Vision -Junior Voiceworks 1: Now The Sun Is	
3	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay		Consolidation o	and Revision	Western Classical Music. Revisit – Children's choice	Ukulele Glockenspiel	Form Form	Shining -Voiceworks 1: Candle Light -Singing Sherlock 2: Shadow -Singing Express 3: Mirror -Trad. England: Ah! Poor bird/Hey, Ho! Nobody home/Rose -Childrens' choice	
4	Aut 1	Mamma Mia	G	G	Crotchets	ABBA – 70s and 80s	Guitar (Wider opps) Glockenspiel		-Junior Voiceworks 1: Calypso -Junior Voiceworks 2: Our Dustbin -Voiceworks 1: Hear the Wind -Kendrick:	-Rocksteady -Peripatetic lessons
4	Aut 2	Glockenspi el 2	Multiple songs	C,D,E,F,G	Semibreves and rests	Varied styles – instrumental skills focus	Guitar (Wider opps)	Pulse Rhythm Pitch Tempo Dynamics Thinking Rest	Servant King -Happy Birthday -Great Weather Songs: Long Journey	-External teacher for weekly guitar lessons
4	Spr 1	Stop!		Singing, rapping and	lyric composition	Grime, Classical, Bhangra, Tango, Latin Fusion	Guitar (Wider opps)	Silence Melody Song Sound Instrument Solo Classical Repetition Canon Timbre Year 4 Soloist Virtuoso Ostinato	-Great Celebration Songs: World in Union -Sing Up: Just like a Roman -Trad. Ghana: Namuma	-class assemblies -carols by
4	Spr 2	Lean On Me	С	C,F	Crotchets	Gospel	Guitar (Wider opps)	Pentatonic Scale Texture Conductor Orchestra Musician Voice Silence Strings Brass Woodwind Percussion Compose Improvise	-Sing for Pleasure: Ghosts -Sing for Pleasure: Lost in Space	candlelight
4	Sum 1	Blackbird	С	D,C	Dotted Minims, Minims, Semibreves	Rock, pop	Guitar (Wider opps)	Statute Statute <t< td=""><td>Glockenspiel -Childrens' choice</td><td></td></t<>	Glockenspiel -Childrens' choice	
4	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay		Consolidation c	and Revision	Western Classical Music. Revisit and Children's choice	Guitar (Wider opps) Glockenspiel			
5	Aut 1	Livin' On A Prayer	G	G,A,B	Minims	Rock	Glockenspiel		-Trad. Ireland: Danny Boy -Kodály: Rocky Mountain -Kodály: My Paddle	-Rocksteady -Peripatetic lessons
5	Aut 2	Classroom Jazz 1	G	G,A,B	Crotchets and rests	Jazz	Glockenspiel	Pulse Rhythm Pitch Tempo Dynamics Innwng voice Rest Silence Melody Triad Canon Instrument Solo Rondo form	-High Low Chickalo -Ally Ally O -Trad. Caribbean: Four White Horses	-class assemblies -carols by
5	Spr 1	Make You Feel My Love	С	C,D	Minims	Pop Ballads	Glockenspiel	Harmony Sequence Timbre Year 5 Quartet Chord Ostinato	-Trad. Uganda: Dipidu -Are You Ready?	candlelight
5	Spr 2	The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air	A Minor	D,A	Minims	Нір Нор	Glockenspiel	Pentatonic Scale Texture Conductor Orchestra Musician Syncopation Walking bass line Strings Brass Woodwind Percussion Compose Improvise	-Row, Row, Row your Boat -Childrens' choice	
5	Sum 1	Dancing In The Street	F Major	F	Semibreves	Motown	Glockenspiel	Texture Composer Binary Form Ternary Form Crotchet Minim Semibreve Staccato Legato Phrase Metre Romantic Baroque Classical		
5	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay		Consolidation of	and Revision	Western Classical music. Revisit – Children's choice	Glockenspiel			
6	Aut 1	Нарру	C Major	G,A	Minims and rests	Pop/Motown	Music tech Glockenspiel		-Trad. South Africa: Siyahamba -Junior Voiceworks 1: Calypso -Sing Up: Touch the Sky	-End of Year 6 show -Peripatetic
6	Aut 2	Classroom Jazz 2	C Major	C,D,E,F,G,A,B,C	Crotchets and Quavers	Jazz, Latin, Blues	Music tech Glockenspiel		-Sing Up: Dona Nobis Pacem	lessons



			C Blues		C,Bb,G			-Sing
6	Spr 1	Benjamin Britten - New Year Carol	G	G,F	Minims and rests	Western Classical Music, Gospel, Bhangra	Music tech Glockenspiel	-British I -: -Tra
6	Spr 2	Music And Identity	G	Contin	ued and revisit	Popular music – The Music of Carole King	Music tech Glockenspiel	-Sing -Sing U
6	Sum 1	You've Got A Friend	С	G,A,B	Minims and rests	Contemporary, music and identity	Music tech Glockenspiel	
6	Sum 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay		Consolidation c	and Revision	Western Classical Music. Revisit and children's choice	Music tech Glockenspiel	



Sing Up: We are the Champions sh National Anthem – God Save the Queen -Sing Up: We Go Together -Trad. Ghana: Senwa de Dende -Sing Up: Be the Change ng Up: One Moment, One People g Up: There's a Power in the Music -Childrens' choice -class assemblies -carols by candlelight